

SAFETY DATA SHEET

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

VOSSCHEMIE

Yachtcare Gelcoat Spachtel VT weiss

Version		Revision Date:	Date of last issue: 05.09.2019
1.1	GB / EN	26.09.2019	Date of first issue: 05.09.2019

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name : Yachtcare Gelcoat Spachtel VT weiss

Product code : 155.653

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Sub-
stance/Mixture : Body filler/stopper

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company : Vosschemie GmbH
Esinger Steinweg 50
25436 Uetersen
Germany
info@vosschemie.de

Telephone : 04122 717 0
Telefax : 04122 717158

Responsible Department : Laboratory

04122 717 0
sds@vosschemie.de

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Telephone : Giftinformationszentrum (GIZ)-Nord,
Göttingen, Deutschland
0551 19240

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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Flammable liquids, Category 3 H226: Flammable liquid and vapour.
Skin irritation, Category 2 H315: Causes skin irritation.
Eye irritation, Category 2 H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms :



Signal word : Warning

Hazard statements : H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

Precautionary statements : P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
P102 Keep out of reach of children.

Prevention:

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

Response:

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/container to an approved facility in accordance with local, regional, national and international regulations.

Additional Labelling

EUH208 Contains Reaction mass of 2,2'-[(4-methylphenyl)imino]bisethanol and Ethanol 2-[[2-(2-hydroxyethoxy)ethyl](4-methylphenyl)amino]-. May produce an allergic reaction.

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2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Chemical nature : Mixture
contains
Resin

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No. Index-No. Registration number	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
vinyltoluene	25013-15-4 246-562-2 01-2119622074-50	Flam. Liq. 3; H226 Acute Tox. 4; H332 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 Asp. Tox. 1; H304	>= 10 - < 20
Reaction mass of 2,2'-[(4-methylphenyl)imino]bisethanol and Ethanol 2-[[2-(2-hydroxyethoxy)ethyl](4-methylphenyl)amino]-	Not Assigned 911-490-9 01-2119979579-10	Acute Tox. 4; H302 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Dam. 1; H318 Skin Sens. 1B; H317 Aquatic Chronic 3; H412	>= 0.1 - < 0.25

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

- General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately.
Move out of dangerous area.
Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately.
Do not leave the victim unattended.
Symptoms of poisoning may appear several hours later.
Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.
- Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection and use the recommended protective clothing
- If inhaled : Remove person to fresh air. If signs/symptoms continue, get medical attention.
If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.
- In case of skin contact : Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while

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- removing all contaminated clothes and shoes.
Call a physician if irritation develops or persists.
- In case of eye contact : Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.
Keep eye wide open while rinsing.
If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn.
Consult a physician.
- If swallowed : Do NOT induce vomiting.
Call a physician immediately.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

- Risks : Causes skin irritation.
Causes serious eye irritation.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

- Treatment : Treat symptomatically.
Keep under medical supervision for at least 48 hours.
-

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media : Carbon dioxide (CO₂)
Dry powder
Water spray jet
Alcohol-resistant foam
- Unsuitable extinguishing media : High volume water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- Specific hazards during fire-fighting : Build-up of dangerous/toxic fumes possible in cases of fire/high temperature.
- Hazardous combustion products : Hazardous decomposition products due to incomplete combustion
Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and unburned hydrocarbons (smoke).

5.3 Advice for firefighters

- Special protective equipment for firefighters : In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
Use personal protective equipment.
- Further information : Use water spray to cool unopened containers.
Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.
Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.
In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.

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SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions : Wear personal protective equipment.
Evacuate personnel to safe areas.
Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.
Remove all sources of ignition.
Do not smoke.
Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions : Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.
If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust).
Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.
Do not flush with water.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For personal protection see section 8., For disposal considerations see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling : Keep container closed when not in use.
Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms.
Wear personal protective equipment.
Do not breathe vapours or spray mist.

Advice on protection against fire and explosion : Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.
Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.
Do not smoke.
Take measures to prevent the build up of electrostatic charge.
Use explosion-proof equipment.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers : Store in original container.
Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.

Further information on storage conditions : Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.
Keep away from direct sunlight.

Advice on common storage : Incompatible with oxidizing agents.

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Keep away from food and drink.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s) : No data available

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
Talc	14807-96-6	TWA (Respirable dust)	1 mg/m ³	GB EH40
Further information	For the purposes of these limits, respirable dust and inhalable dust are those fractions of airborne dust which will be collected when sampling is undertaken in accordance with the methods described in MDHS14/4 General methods for sampling and gravimetric analysis or respirable, thoracic and inhalable aerosols, Talc is defined as the mineral talc together with other hydrous phyllosilicates including chlorite and carbonate materials which occur with it, but excluding amphibole asbestos and crystalline silica., The COSHH definition of a substance hazardous to health includes dust of any kind when present at a concentration in air equal to or greater than 10 mg.m ⁻³ 8-hour TWA of inhalable dust or 4 mg.m ⁻³ 8-hour TWA of respirable dust. This means that any dust will be subject to COSHH if people are exposed to dust above these levels. Some dusts have been assigned specific WELs and exposure to these must comply with the appropriate limits., Most industrial dusts contain particles of a wide range of sizes. The behaviour, deposition and fate of any particular particle after entry into the human respiratory system, and the body response that it elicits, depend on the nature and size of the particle. HSE distinguishes two size fractions for limit-setting purposes termed 'inhalable' and 'respirable'. Inhalable dust approximates to the fraction of airborne material that enters the nose and mouth during breathing and is therefore available for deposition in the respiratory tract. Respirable dust approximates to the fraction that penetrates to the gas exchange region of the lung. Fuller definitions and explanatory material are given in MDHS14/4., Where dusts contain components that have their own assigned WEL, all the relevant limits should be complied with., Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure limit should be used.			
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	TWA (inhalable dust)	10 mg/m ³	GB EH40
Further information	For the purposes of these limits, respirable dust and inhalable dust are those fractions of airborne dust which will be collected when sampling is undertaken in accordance with the methods described in MDHS14/4 General methods for sampling and gravimetric analysis or respirable, thoracic and inhalable aerosols, The COSHH definition of a substance hazardous to health includes dust of any kind when present at a concentration in air equal to or greater than 10 mg.m ⁻³ 8-hour TWA of inhalable dust or 4 mg.m ⁻³ 8-hour TWA of respirable dust. This means that any dust will be subject to COSHH if people are exposed to dust above these levels. Some dusts have been assigned specific WELs and exposure to these must comply with the appropriate limits., Most			

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	<p>industrial dusts contain particles of a wide range of sizes. The behaviour, deposition and fate of any particular particle after entry into the human respiratory system, and the body response that it elicits, depend on the nature and size of the particle. HSE distinguishes two size fractions for limit-setting purposes termed 'inhalable' and 'respirable'. Inhalable dust approximates to the fraction of airborne material that enters the nose and mouth during breathing and is therefore available for deposition in the respiratory tract. Respirable dust approximates to the fraction that penetrates to the gas exchange region of the lung. Fuller definitions and explanatory material are given in MDHS14/4., Where dusts contain components that have their own assigned WEL, all the relevant limits should be complied with., Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure limit should be used.</p>			
		TWA (Respirable dust)	4 mg/m ³	GB EH40
Further information	<p>For the purposes of these limits, respirable dust and inhalable dust are those fractions of airborne dust which will be collected when sampling is undertaken in accordance with the methods described in MDHS14/4 General methods for sampling and gravimetric analysis or respirable, thoracic and inhalable aerosols, The COSHH definition of a substance hazardous to health includes dust of any kind when present at a concentration in air equal to or greater than 10 mg.m⁻³ 8-hour TWA of inhalable dust or 4 mg.m⁻³ 8-hour TWA of respirable dust. This means that any dust will be subject to COSHH if people are exposed to dust above these levels. Some dusts have been assigned specific WELs and exposure to these must comply with the appropriate limits., Most industrial dusts contain particles of a wide range of sizes. The behaviour, deposition and fate of any particular particle after entry into the human respiratory system, and the body response that it elicits, depend on the nature and size of the particle. HSE distinguishes two size fractions for limit-setting purposes termed 'inhalable' and 'respirable'. Inhalable dust approximates to the fraction of airborne material that enters the nose and mouth during breathing and is therefore available for deposition in the respiratory tract. Respirable dust approximates to the fraction that penetrates to the gas exchange region of the lung. Fuller definitions and explanatory material are given in MDHS14/4., Where dusts contain components that have their own assigned WEL, all the relevant limits should be complied with., Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure limit should be used.</p>			
Barium sulphate	7727-43-7	TWA (inhalable dust)	10 mg/m ³	GB EH40
Further information	<p>For the purposes of these limits, respirable dust and inhalable dust are those fractions of airborne dust which will be collected when sampling is undertaken in accordance with the methods described in MDHS14/4 General methods for sampling and gravimetric analysis or respirable, thoracic and inhalable aerosols, The COSHH definition of a substance hazardous to health includes dust of any kind when present at a concentration in air equal to or greater than 10 mg.m⁻³ 8-hour TWA of inhalable dust or 4 mg.m⁻³ 8-hour TWA of respirable dust. This means that any dust will be subject to COSHH if people are exposed to dust above these levels. Some dusts have been assigned specific WELs and exposure to these must comply with the appropriate limits., Most industrial dusts contain particles of a wide range of sizes. The behaviour, deposition and fate of any particular particle after entry into the human respiratory system, and the body response that it elicits, depend on the nature and size of the particle. HSE distinguishes two size fractions for limit-setting</p>			

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Further information	<p>For the purposes of these limits, respirable dust and inhalable dust are those fractions of airborne dust which will be collected when sampling is undertaken in accordance with the methods described in MDHS14/4 General methods for sampling and gravimetric analysis or respirable, thoracic and inhalable aerosols, The COSHH definition of a substance hazardous to health includes dust of any kind when present at a concentration in air equal to or greater than 10 mg.m⁻³ 8-hour TWA of inhalable dust or 4 mg.m⁻³ 8-hour TWA of respirable dust. This means that any dust will be subject to COSHH if people are exposed to dust above these levels. Some dusts have been assigned specific WELs and exposure to these must comply with the appropriate limits., Most industrial dusts contain particles of a wide range of sizes. The behaviour, deposition and fate of any particular particle after entry into the human respiratory system, and the body response that it elicits, depend on the nature and size of the particle. HSE distinguishes two size fractions for limit-setting purposes termed 'inhalable' and 'respirable'. Inhalable dust approximates to the fraction of airborne material that enters the nose and mouth during breathing and is therefore available for deposition in the respiratory tract. Respirable dust approximates to the fraction that penetrates to the gas exchange region of the lung. Fuller definitions and explanatory material are given in MDHS14/4., Where dusts contain components that have their own assigned WEL, all the relevant limits should be complied with., Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure limit should be used.</p>				

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name	End Use	Exposure routes	Potential health effects	Value
Reaction mass of 2,2'-[(4-methylphenyl)imino]bisethanol and Ethanol 2-[[2-(2-hydroxyethoxy)ethyl](4-methylphenyl)amino]-	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	9.8 mg/m ³
	Workers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	1.4 mg/kg
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	2.9 mg/m ³
	Consumers	Skin contact, Oral	Long-term systemic effects	0.83 mg/kg

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Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name	Environmental Compartment	Value
Reaction mass of 2,2'-[(4-methylphenyl)imino]bisethanol and Ethanol 2-[[2-(2-hydroxyethoxy)ethyl](4-methylphenyl)amino]-	Fresh water	0.048 mg/l
	Marine water	0.005 mg/l
	Sewage treatment plant	10 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	1.2 mg/kg
	Marine sediment	0.12 mg/kg
	Soil	0.21 mg/kg

8.2 Exposure controls

Personal protective equipment

Eye protection : Safety glasses with side-shields conforming to EN166

Hand protection

Material : Fluorinated rubber

Break through time : > 480 min

Glove thickness : ≥ 0.4 mm

Directive : DIN EN 374

Protective index : Class 6

Material : Nitrile rubber

Break through time : > 480 min

Glove thickness : ≥ 0.4 mm

Directive : DIN EN 374

Protective index : Class 6

Remarks : Gloves should be discarded and replaced if there is any indication of degradation or chemical breakthrough.
The data about break through time/strength of material are standard values! The exact break through time/strength of material has to be obtained from the producer of the protective glove.
The choice of an appropriate glove does not only depend on its material but also on other quality features and is different from one producer to the other.
Preventive skin protection
Butyl gloves are not suitable.
Avoid natural rubber gloves.

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- Skin and body protection : Please wear suitable protective clothing, e.g. made of cotton or heat-resistant synthetic fibres.
Long sleeved clothing
- Respiratory protection : Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits.
Use the indicated respiratory protection if the occupational exposure limit is exceeded and/or in case of product release (dust).
- Filter type : Combined particulates and organic vapour type (A-P)
- Protective measures : Ensure that eye flushing systems and safety showers are located close to the working place.
Avoid contact with the skin and the eyes.
Use only with adequate ventilation.
-

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

- Appearance : paste
- Colour : white
- Odour : aromatic
- pH : not determined
- Melting point/freezing point : not determined
- Boiling point/boiling range : 168 °C
Literature value vinyltoluene
- Flash point : 53 °C
Literature value vinyltoluene
- Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit : 6.1 %(V)
Literature value vinyltoluene
- Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit : 1.9 %(V)
Literature value vinyltoluene
- Vapour pressure : 2 hPa (20 °C)
Literature value vinyltoluene
- Density : ca. 1.9 g/cm³ (20 °C)
- Solubility(ies)
Water solubility : insoluble
- Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : No data available
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Ignition temperature : 575 °C
Literature value vinyltoluene

Viscosity
Viscosity, dynamic : not determined

Viscosity, kinematic : > 20.5 mm²/s (40 °C)

9.2 Other information

No data available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

No decomposition if used as directed.

10.2 Chemical stability

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : Avoid radical-forming starting agents, peroxides and reactive metals.
Polymerisation can occur.
Polymerisation is a highly exothermic reaction and may generate sufficient heat to cause thermal decomposition and/or rupture containers.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks.
Strong sunlight for prolonged periods.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : Strong acids and oxidizing agents
polymerisation initiators

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Build-up of dangerous/toxic fumes possible in cases of fire/high temperature.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Product:

Acute inhalation toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 20 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapour

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Method: Calculation method

Components:

vinyltoluene:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat): 3,680 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50: 16.861 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapour

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 Dermal (Rabbit): 4,490 mg/kg

Reaction mass of 2,2'-[(4-methylphenyl)imino]bisethanol and Ethanol 2-[[2-(2-hydroxyethoxy)ethyl](4-methylphenyl)amino]-:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat): 619 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 Dermal (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

Components:

vinyltoluene:

Assessment : Irritating to skin.
Result : Skin irritation

Reaction mass of 2,2'-[(4-methylphenyl)imino]bisethanol and Ethanol 2-[[2-(2-hydroxyethoxy)ethyl](4-methylphenyl)amino]-:

Result : Skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

Components:

vinyltoluene:

Assessment : Irritating to eyes.
Result : Moderate eye irritation

Reaction mass of 2,2'-[(4-methylphenyl)imino]bisethanol and Ethanol 2-[[2-(2-hydroxyethoxy)ethyl](4-methylphenyl)amino]-:

Result : Irreversible effects on the eye

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Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Reaction mass of 2,2'-[(4-methylphenyl)imino]bisethanol and Ethanol 2-[[2-(2-hydroxyethoxy)ethyl](4-methylphenyl)amino]-:

Test Type : Local lymph node assay (LLNA)
Species : Mouse
Assessment : The product is a skin sensitiser, sub-category 1B.
Method : OECD Test Guideline 429
Result : positive

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Reproductive toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

STOT - single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

STOT - repeated exposure

Not classified based on available information.

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

vinyltoluene:

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Components:

vinyltoluene:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Fat head minnow): 5.2 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 1.3 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h

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- Toxicity to algae : EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 2.6 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 1.6 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
- Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC: 0.563 mg/l
Exposure time: 30 d
Species: Fish
- Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC: 0.498 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d
Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

Ecotoxicology Assessment

- Chronic aquatic toxicity : This product has no known ecotoxicological effects.

Reaction mass of 2,2'-[(4-methylphenyl)imino]bisethanol and Ethanol 2-[[2-(2-hydroxyethoxy)ethyl](4-methylphenyl)amino]-:

- Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Cyprinus carpio (Carp)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
- Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 48 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
- Toxicity to algae : EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
- Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (Bacteria): > 1,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

12.2 Persistence and degradability

No data available

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

vinyltoluene:

- Bioaccumulation : Species: Fish

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Bioaccumulation is unlikely.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 3.58

Reaction mass of 2,2'-[[4-methylphenyl]imino]bisethanol and Ethanol 2-[[2-(2-hydroxyethoxy)ethyl](4-methylphenyl)amino]-:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 2.17 (20 °C)

12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product:

Assessment : This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher..

12.6 Other adverse effects

Product:

Additional ecological information : No data available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

- Product : Do not dispose of with domestic refuse.
Do not empty into drains, dispose of this material and its container at hazardous or special waste collection point.
Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Dispose of wastes in an approved waste disposal facility.
Do not dispose of together with household waste.
Send to a licensed waste management company.
It must undergo special treatment, e.g. at suitable disposal site, to comply with local regulations.
- Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.
Store containers and offer for recycling of material when in accordance with the local regulations.
Packaging that is not properly emptied must be disposed of as the unused product.
Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
- Waste Code : The following Waste Codes are only suggestions:
07 02 08, other still bottoms and reaction residues

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SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number

ADN : UN 1866
ADR : UN 1866
RID : UN 1866
IMDG : UN 1866
IATA : UN 1866

14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADN : RESIN SOLUTION
ADR : RESIN SOLUTION
RID : RESIN SOLUTION
IMDG : RESIN SOLUTION
IATA : Resin solution

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADN : 3
ADR : 3
RID : 3
IMDG : 3
IATA : 3

14.4 Packing group

ADN
Packing group : III
Classification Code : F1
Hazard Identification Number : 30
Labels : 3

ADR
Packing group : III
Classification Code : F1
Hazard Identification Number : 30
Labels : 3
Tunnel restriction code : (D/E)

RID
Packing group : III
Classification Code : F1
Hazard Identification Number : 30
Labels : 3

IMDG
Packing group : III
Labels : 3
EmS Code : F-E, S-E

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IATA (Cargo)

Packing instruction (cargo aircraft) : 366
Packing instruction (LQ) : Y344
Packing group : III
Labels : Class 3 - Flammable liquids

IATA (Passenger)

Packing instruction (passenger aircraft) : 355
Packing instruction (LQ) : Y344
Packing group : III
Labels : Class 3 - Flammable liquids

14.5 Environmental hazards

ADN

Environmentally hazardous : no

ADR

Environmentally hazardous : no

RID

Environmentally hazardous : no

IMDG

Marine pollutant : no

14.6 Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

REACH - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for Authorisation (Article 59) : Not applicable

REACH - List of substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV) : Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer : Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 850/2004 on persistent organic pollutants : Not applicable

REACH - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, preparations and articles (Annex XVII) : Conditions of restriction for the following entries should be considered: Number on list 3

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Seveso III: Directive 2012/18/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances.

P5c FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS

Volatile organic compounds : Directive 2004/42/EC
Volatile organic compounds (VOC) content: < 250 g/l
VOC content for the product in a ready to use condition.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment according to (EC) regulation 1907/2006 (REACH) has not been carried out for this product.

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of H-Statements

H226 : Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302 : Harmful if swallowed.
H304 : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315 : Causes skin irritation.
H317 : May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318 : Causes serious eye damage.
H319 : Causes serious eye irritation.
H332 : Harmful if inhaled.
H412 : Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of other abbreviations

Acute Tox. : Acute toxicity
Aquatic Chronic : Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard
Asp. Tox. : Aspiration hazard
Eye Dam. : Serious eye damage
Eye Irrit. : Eye irritation
Flam. Liq. : Flammable liquids
Skin Irrit. : Skin irritation
Skin Sens. : Skin sensitisation
GB EH40 : UK. EH40 WEL - Workplace Exposure Limits
GB EH40 / TWA : Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA reference period)

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical

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Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; SVHC - Substance of Very High Concern; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TRGS - Technical Rule for Hazardous Substances; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Further information

Classification of the mixture:

Flam. Liq. 3	H226
Skin Irrit. 2	H315
Eye Irrit. 2	H319

Classification procedure:

Based on product data or assessment
Calculation method
Calculation method

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